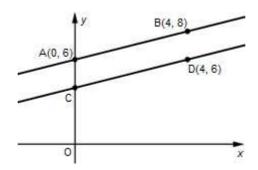
### **Higher Check In - 7.02 Straight line graphs**

- 1. Write down the equation of a line parallel to 2x + 2y = -1 that passes through the point (0, -4).
- 2. A line passes through (-2, 1) and (-4, -3). Find the equation of the line.
- 3. Which of the following lines are perpendicular to each other?

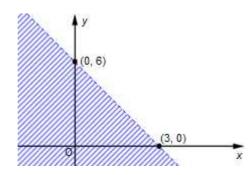
$$y = 2x - 3$$
  $y = -2x + 3$   $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$   $y = 3x - 2$   $y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 3$ 

4. The diagram shows two parallel lines.



Find the equation of the line through CD.

5. Write down the solution set that is represented by the shaded area.



- 6. The equation of line L is y = 3x + 2. Explain how you know that the point (11, 39) lies above the line L.
- 7. Show that the line perpendicular to  $y = \frac{2}{3}x 1$  that passes through the point (6, 3) intercepts the *y*-axis at y = 12.
- 8. Show that the equation of the perpendicular bisector of (-2, 1) and (4, -1) is y = 3x 3.
- 9. The point with coordinates (d, 2d) lies on the straight line with equation 4x + 3y = 15. Find the value of d.





10. The equation of the tangent to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$  at the point (-4, 3) has equation 3y = ax + b where a and b are positive integers. Find the values of a and b.

#### **Extension**

The line y = mx + c is reflected in the *x*-axis and then in the *y*-axis. What is the equation of the new line?





### **Answers**

1. 
$$y = -x - 4$$

2. 
$$v = 2x + 5$$

3. 
$$y = 2x - 3$$
 and  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$ 

4. 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

5. 
$$y < -2x + 6$$

- 6. Substituting x = 11 into the equation of L gives  $3 \times 11 + 2 = 35$  which means (11, 35) lies on the line so (11, 39) must lie above the line.
- 7. A line perpendicular to  $y = \frac{2}{3}x 1$  has gradient  $-\frac{3}{2}$  and equation  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + c$ . If it passes through (6, 3) then substituting x = 6 and y = 3 gives  $3 = -\frac{3}{2} \times 6 + c$  which simplifies to 3 = -9 + c so c = 12. The line intercepts the *y*-axis at 12.
- 8. Gradient of the line joining the two points  $=\frac{-1-1}{4--2}=\frac{-2}{6}=-\frac{1}{3}$  and the midpoint of the line is  $\left(\frac{4+-2}{2},\frac{1+-1}{2}\right)=(1,0)$ . If the perpendicular bisector has a gradient of 3 and passes through (1, 0) then substituting x=1 and y=0 gives  $0=3\times 1+c$  so c=-3. The equation of the perpendicular bisector is y=3x-3.

9. 
$$d = 1.5$$

10. 
$$a = 4$$
,  $b = 25$ 

#### **Extension**

After the two reflections the line has the equation y = mx - c.

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Assessment Objective	Qu.	Topic	R	Α	G
AO1	1	Find the equation of a parallel line through a given point			
AO1	2	Find the equation of a straight line through two given points			
AO1	3	Identify equations of perpendicular lines			
AO1	4	Find the equation of a parallel line through a given point			
AO1	5	Identify the solution set of a linear inequality in two variables			
AO2	6	Justify that a point lies above a line			
AO2	7	Find the <i>y</i> -intercept of a perpendicular line that passes through a given point			
AO2	8	Find the equation of a perpendicular bisector of two given points			
AO3	9	Solve a problem involving an unknown point on a straight line			
AO3	10	Find the equation of a tangent to a circle at a given point			

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