

AQA, OCR

A Level

A Level Physics

Circular Motion

Name:

M M E

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Total Marks: /30

1.

Total for Question 1: 10

(a) Define angular velocity.

[1]

(b) Calculate the angular velocity of a car travelling at 30 kmhr^{-1} around a roundabout whose radius is 50 m.

[3]

(c) Give three examples of situations in which centripetal forces arise, detailing precisely which forces contribute to the centripetal force.

[3]

- (d) Outline a simple experiment you could perform to explore circular motion. As well as describing the experimental setup, explain how you would calculate the centripetal force for different radii, speeds and masses.

[3]

2. A cyclist is travelling around a bend with a radius of 15 m on a horizontal road. The frictional force is related to the reaction force from the ground and the coefficient of friction by the equation $F = \mu R$, where μ is the coefficient of friction and R is the reaction force.

Total for Question 2: 10

- (a) In dry conditions $\mu = 0.5$. Calculate the maximum speed at which the cyclist can travel if he is not to fall off. [3]

- (b) The reaction of the surface and the frictional force both act on the cyclist, but at a distance from the centre of mass. They therefore provide a torque. Qualitatively, explain why a cyclist leaning inwards when cycling around bends helps to prevent these torques destabilising the bike. [3]

- (c) Rosie is feeling particularly brave and decides to conduct an experiment to calculate the coefficient of friction when the road surface is wet. She uses five different bends, each with a different radius. For each, she records her speed at the point her wheels begin to slide. Using the data in the table below, plot a graph and calculate the coefficient of friction.

[4]

bend radius / m	speed / ms ⁻¹
9	45
4.5	15
11	60
6.5	20
3	5

3. A conical pendulum is simply a mass suspended from a point that traces out a horizontal circle, rather than one that swings back and forth.

Total for Question 3: 10

(a) Draw a free-body diagram for the mass.

[1]

(b) What provides the centripetal force in this situation?

[1]

(c) Express the tension in the string in terms of the mass, the mass's velocity and the radius of the circle in which it moves.

[2]

(d) By balancing the weight with the tension in the string, show that the speed of the bob is given by $v = \sqrt{rg \tan \theta}$ [3]

(e) By considering the circumference of the circle traced out by the bob, determine whether or not the angular velocity depends on the bob's mass. Justify your answer. [3]