

(a) Define the electric field strength at a point in space.

(b) State one similarity and one difference between the electric fields produced by charges and the [2] gravitational fields produced by masses.

- (c) Which two of the following statements are true?
 - i. The direction of an electric field is that in which a negative charge would move.
 - ii. Electric field lines are always perpendicular to the surface of a conductor.
 - iii. The spacing of electric field lines is directly proportional to the field's strength.
 - iv. The direction of an electric field is that in which a positive charge would move.

(d) Sketch the electric fields produced by the following:i. A negative point charge.

ii. A positively charged sphere.

iii. Two parallel plates with opposite charges.

[1]

[1]

iv. Two spheres with opposite charges.

v. A positively charged sphere and a negatively charged plate.

2. A metal sphere has a radius, r, of 1.0 m and a positive charge of 5.0×10^{-7} C.

Total for Question 2: 9

(a) Calculate the electric field strength at a distance, d, of 1.0 m from the surface of the sphere. [3]

(b) Without repeating the full calculations you performed in the previous part, determine how the calculated field strength would change in the following circumstances.i. The charge doubles.

ii. r triples.

iii. d is five times larger.

[3]

[1]

- 3. An electron is accelerated from rest by a uniform electric field. Given that the field strength is $1.2 \times 10^5 \text{ NC}^{-1}$, calculate the following:
 - (a) The force experienced by the electron.

(b) Its speed after 4 ns.

(c) Its displacement after 8 ns.

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Total for Question 3: 8 [2]

[3]