

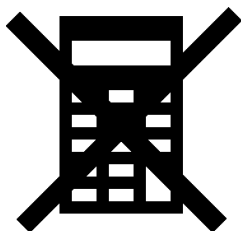
AQA, OCR, Edexcel

GCSE

GCSE Maths

Drawing Straight Line Graphs

Name:



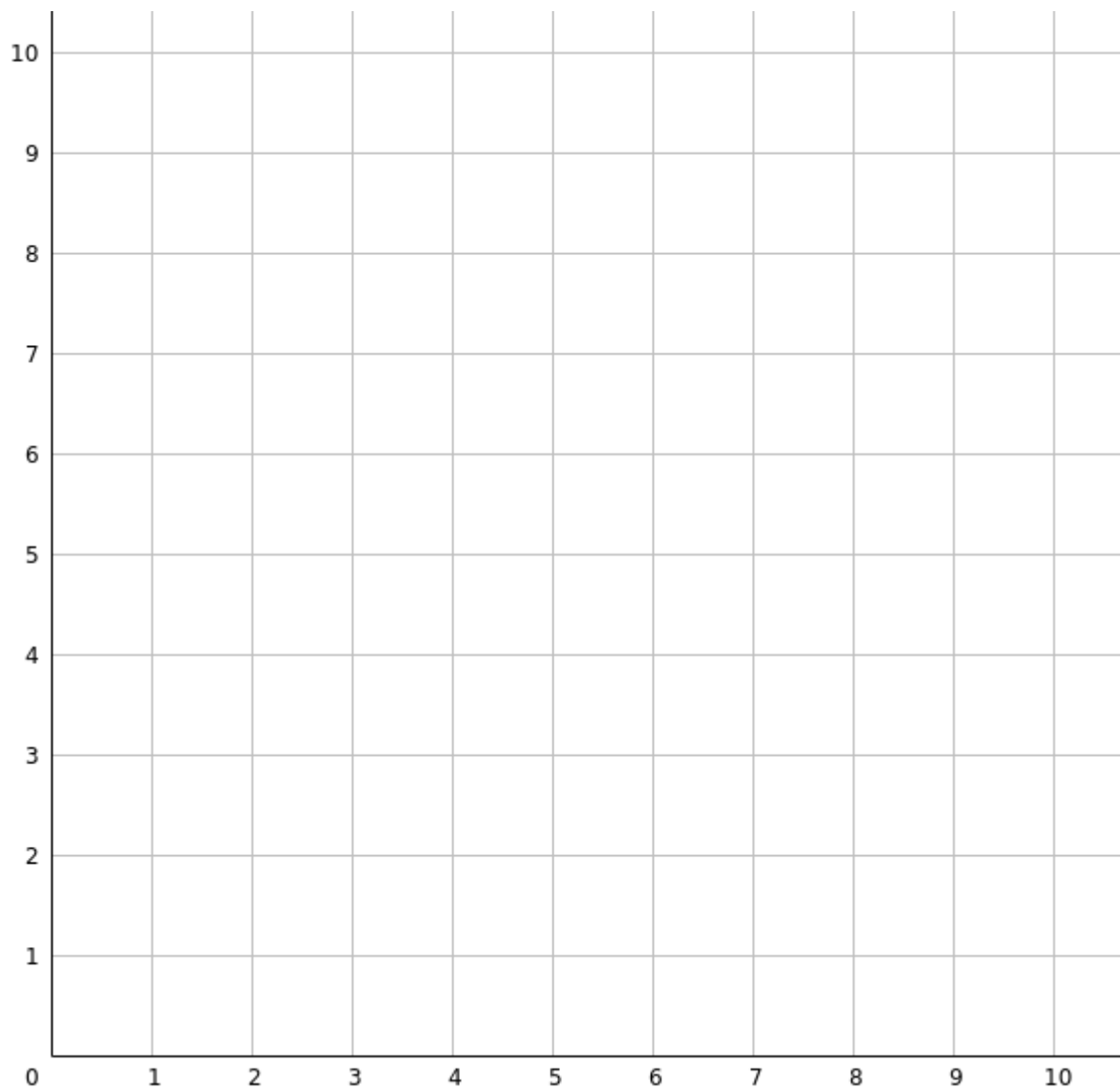
Guidance

1. Read each question carefully.
2. Don't spend too long on each question.
3. Attempt every question.
4. Always show your workings.

Revise GCSE Maths:

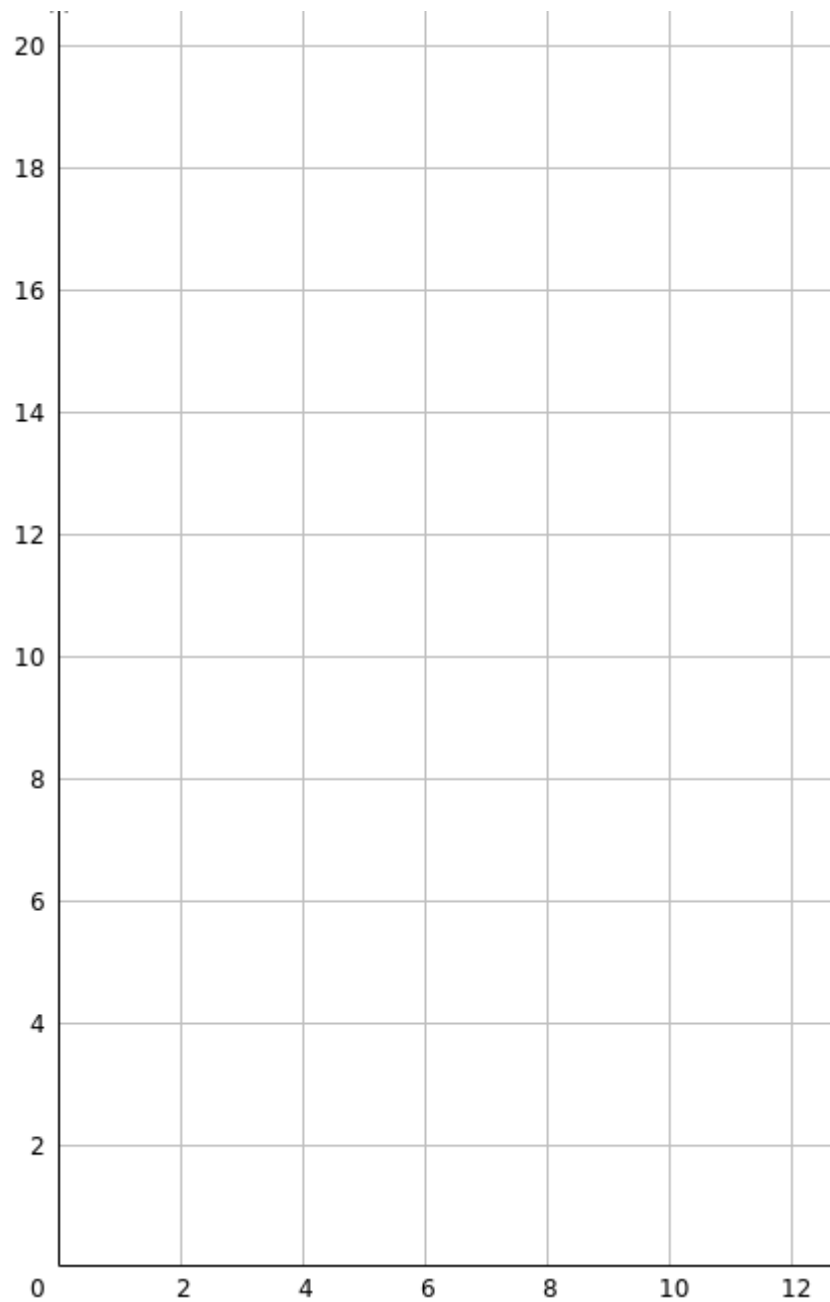
www.MathsMadeEasy.co.uk/gcse-maths-revision/

1. On the axes below, draw the straight line with y-intercept 1, and gradient 2.



(3 marks)

2. On the axes below, draw the line $y = 3x + 2$



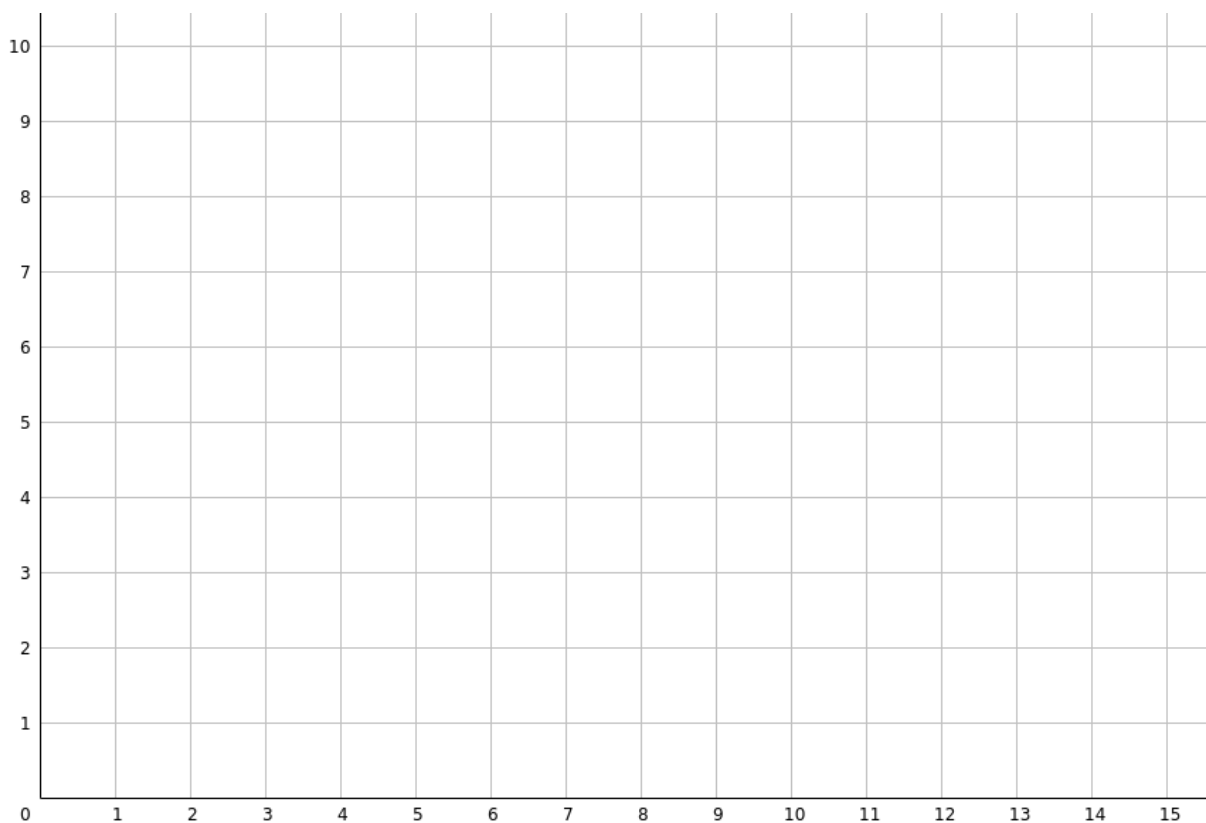
(3 marks)

3. A relationship between x and y is described as follows:

For every increase in y , x increases 3 times more.

Fill in the rest of the xy -table and use this to plot the straight line on the axes below.

x	y
	1
	2
6	3
	4
	5



(4 marks)

4. On the square grid below, draw axes and plot the following lines

$$x = 3$$

$$y = 1$$

$$x = 7$$

$$y = 6$$



What is the area of the shape bounded by the four lines?

.....

Area =

(5 marks)

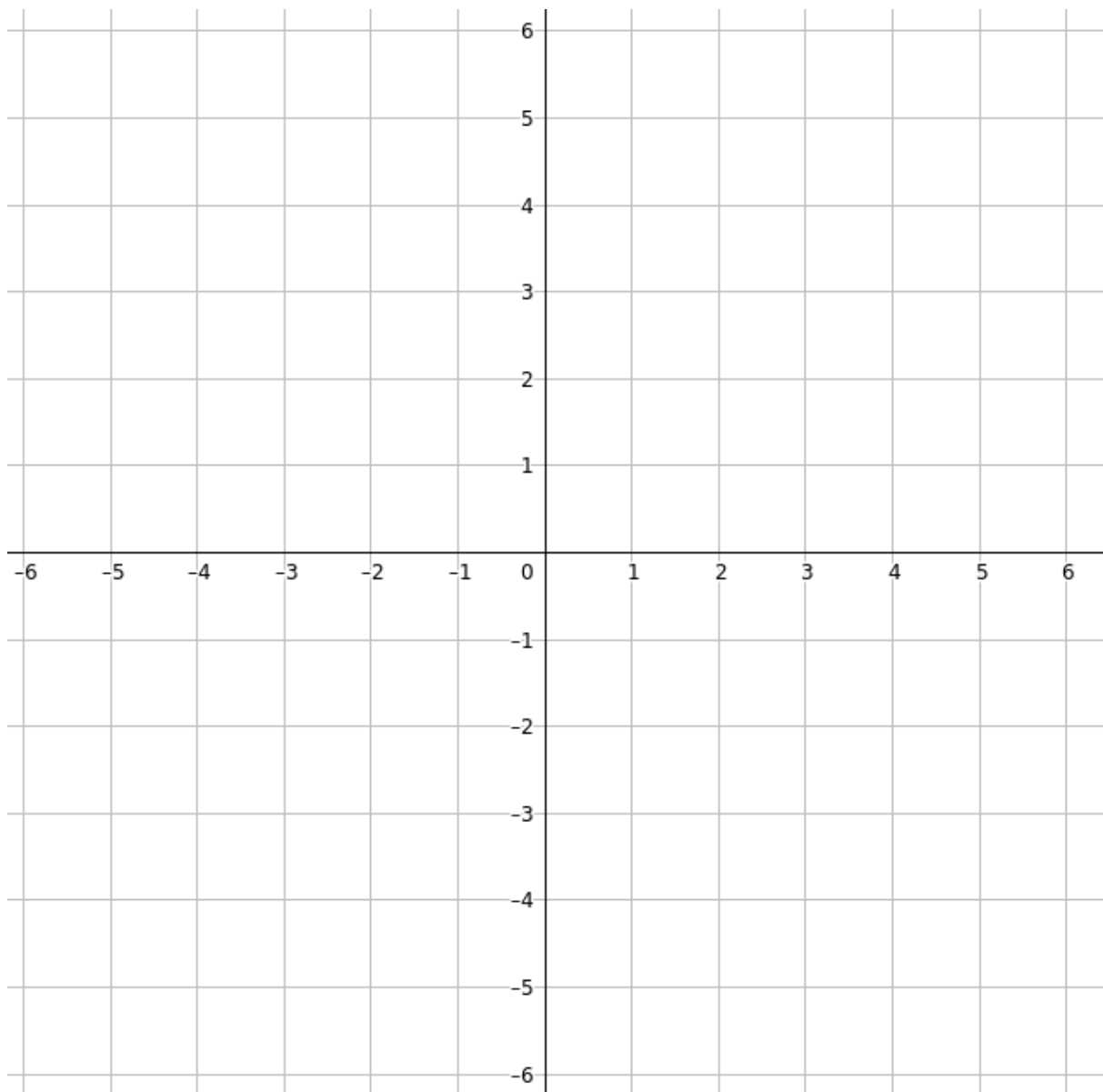
Visit <http://www.mathsmadeeasy.co.uk/> for more fantastic resources.

5. By rearrangement or otherwise, draw the line $y + 2x - 10 = 0$ on the grid below.



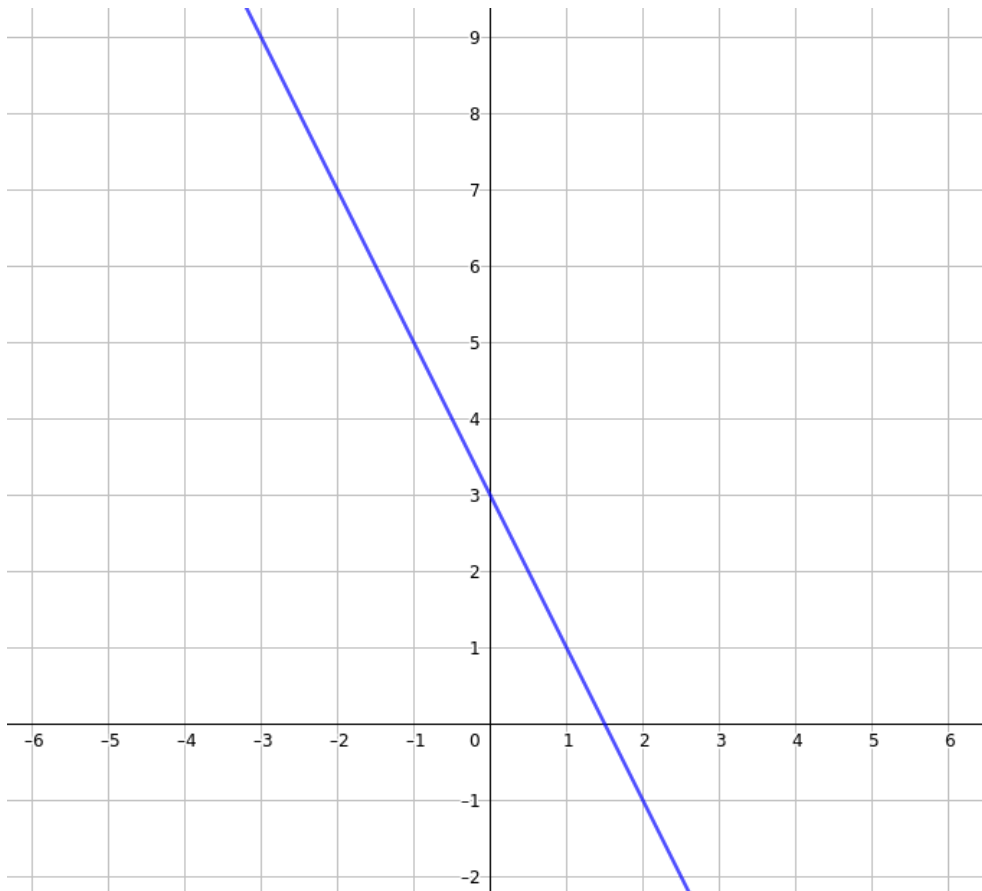
(4 marks)

6. The x-intercept of a line with gradient $\frac{1}{2}$ is 3. By drawing the line on the axes below, find the y-intercept.



(2 marks)

7. Adam draws the line $y - 2x = 3$ on the axes below but makes an error.



What was his error?

.....

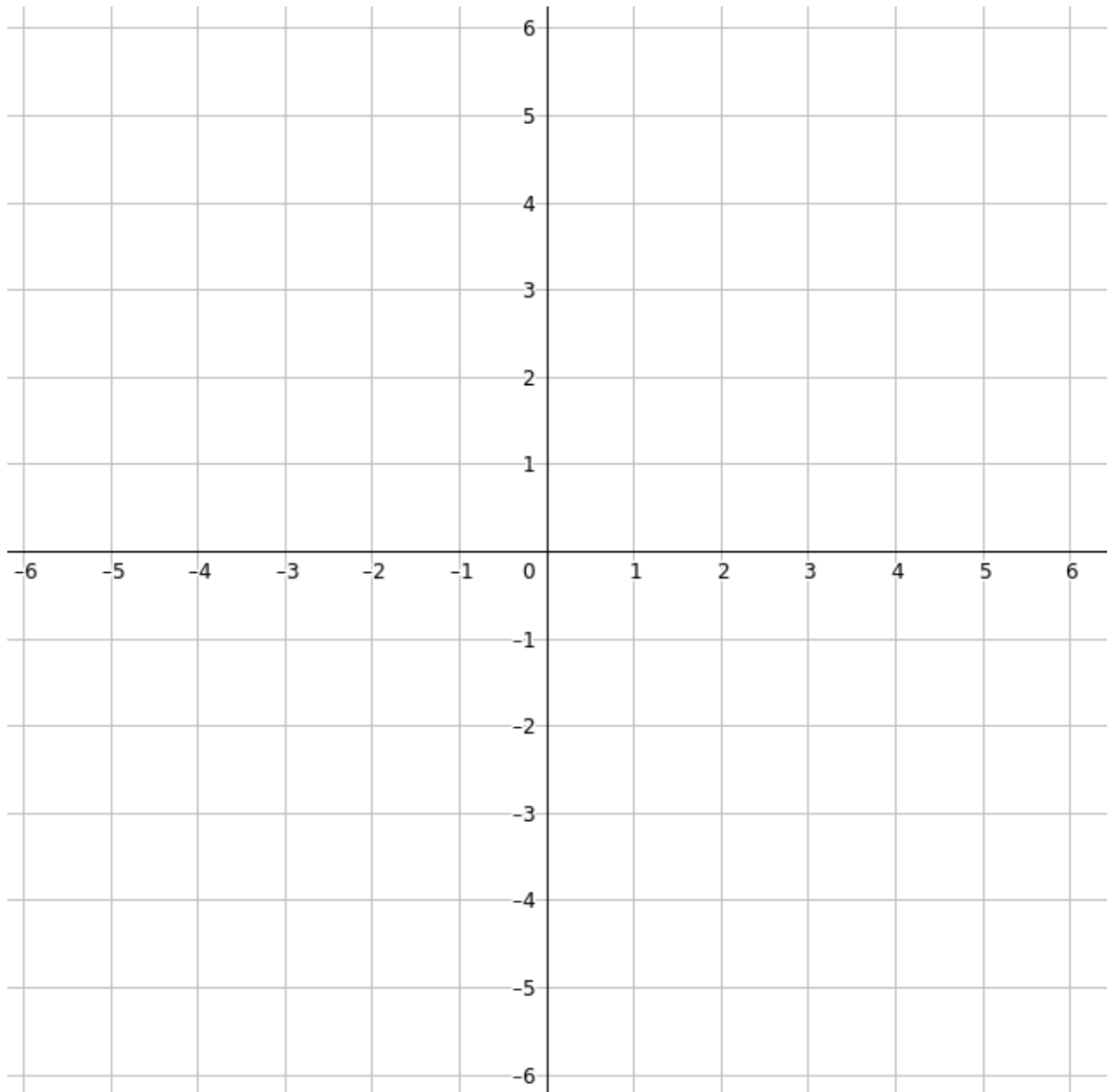
What line has he actually plotted?

.....

Plot the correct graph of the line $y - 2x = 3$ on the same axes.

(5 marks)

8. Plot the graphs of $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$ and $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 3$ on the axes below.



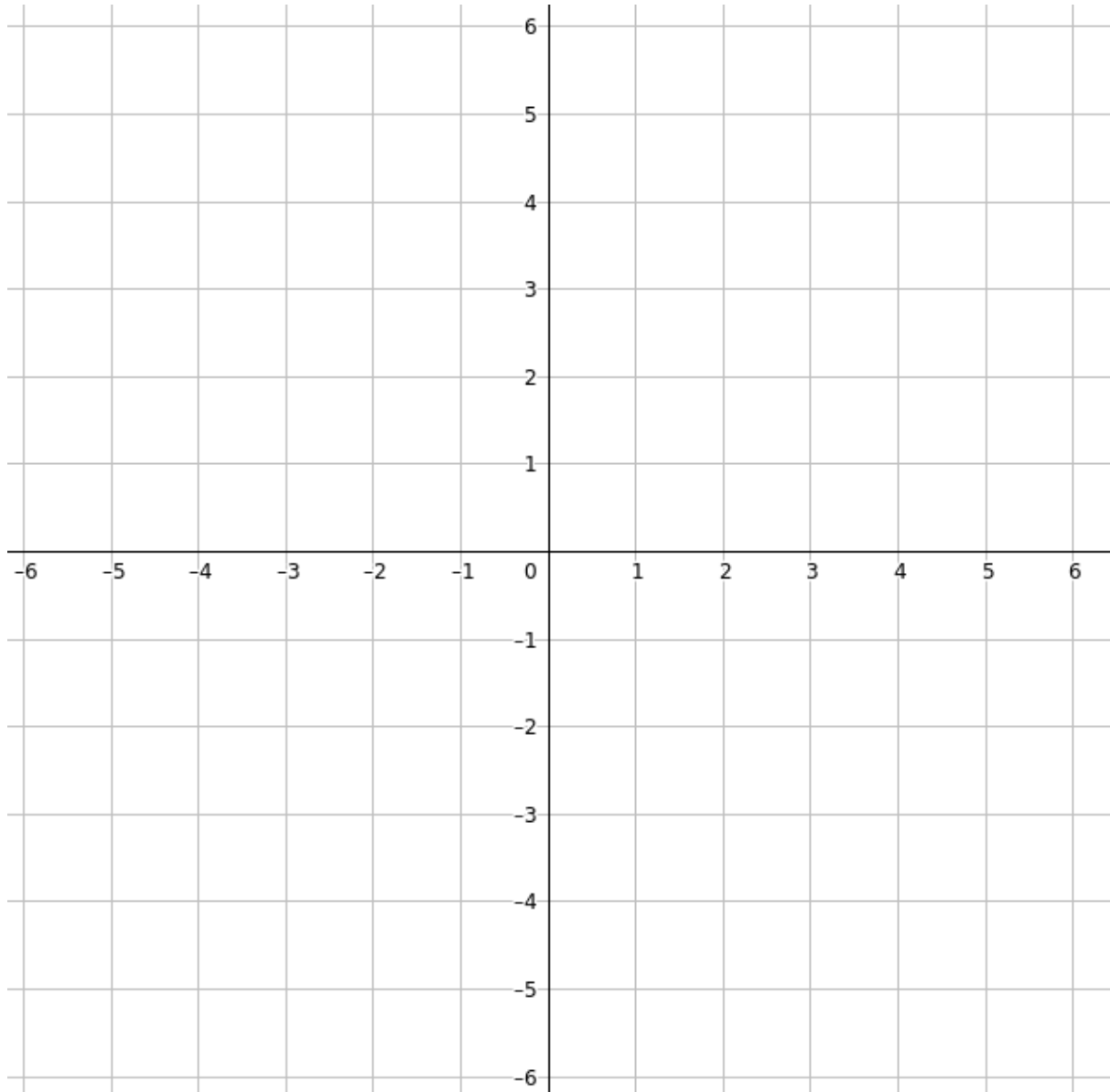
What is the point of intersection of the two lines?

$x = \dots\dots\dots$, $y = \dots\dots\dots$

(4 marks, 1 mark)

9. On the axes below, draw the lines

$$\begin{aligned}x &= -3 \\y &= 3 \\2y &= x + 1\end{aligned}$$



Write down a point inside the region that is bounded by your three lines.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$, $y = \dots\dots\dots$

(4 marks, 1 mark)